



NATIONAL CONGRESS OF AMERICAN INDIANS

The National Congress of American Indians Resolution #DEN-18-054

TITLE: Call to Congress to Enact Legislation Ensuring Medicaid Advances the Federal Trust Responsibility to American Indians/Alaska Natives

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

PRESIDENT
Jefferson Keel
Chickasaw Nation

FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT
Aaron Payment
*Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa
Indians of Michigan*

RECORDING SECRETARY
Juana Majel-Dixon
Pauma Band Mission Indians

TREASURER
W. Ron Allen
Jamestown S'Kallam Tribe

REGIONAL VICE- PRESIDENTS

ALASKA
Rob Sanderson, Jr.
*Tlingit & Haida Indian Tribes of
Alaska*

EASTERN OKLAHOMA
Joe Byrd
Cherokee Nation

GREAT PLAINS
Larry Wright, Jr.
Ponca Tribe of Nebraska

MIDWEST
Roger Rader
Pokagon Band of Potawatomi

NORTHEAST
Lance Gumbs
Shinnecock Indian Nation

NORTHWEST
Leonard Forsman
Suquamish Tribe

PACIFIC
Willie Carrillo
Tule River Tribe of California

ROCKY MOUNTAIN
Darrin Old Coyote
Crow Nation

SOUTHEAST
Nancy Carnley
Ma-Chis Lower Creek Indians

SOUTHERN PLAINS
Zach Pahmahmie
Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation

SOUTHWEST
Joe Garcia
Ohkay Owingeh Pueblo

WESTERN
Franklin Pablo, Sr.
Gila River Indian Community

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
Jacqueline Pata
Tlingit

NCAI HEADQUARTERS
1516 P Street, N.W.
Washington, DC 20005
202.466.7767
202.466.7797 fax
www.ncai.org

WHEREAS, we, the members of the National Congress of American Indians of the United States, invoking the divine blessing of the Creator upon our efforts and purposes, in order to preserve for ourselves and our descendants the inherent sovereign rights of our Indian nations, rights secured under Indian treaties and agreements with the United States, and all other rights and benefits to which we are entitled under the laws and Constitution of the United States and the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, to enlighten the public toward a better understanding of the Indian people, to preserve Indian cultural values, and otherwise promote the health, safety and welfare of the Indian people, do hereby establish and submit the following resolution; and

WHEREAS, the National Congress of American Indians (NCAI) was established in 1944 and is the oldest and largest national organization of American Indian and Alaska Native tribal governments; and

WHEREAS, tribal nations are political, sovereign entities whose status stems from the inherent sovereignty they possess as self-governing people predating the founding of the United States, and since its founding the United States has recognized them as such and entered into treaties with them on that basis; and

WHEREAS, tribal nations have a unique government-to-government relationship with the federal government, and it is required that the federal government consult with tribal nations on any policy or action that will significantly impact tribal governments and American Indians and Alaska Natives (AI/ANs); and

WHEREAS, in 24 U.S.C. § 1602(a)(1), Congress declared that “it is the policy of this Nation, in fulfillment of its special trust responsibilities and legal obligations to Indians...to ensure the highest possible health status for Indians and urban Indians and to provide all resources necessary to effect that policy;” and

WHEREAS, in 1955, Congress created the Indian Health Service (IHS) in order to help fulfill its trust responsibility for health care to tribal nations; and

WHEREAS, the unmet health needs of AI/ANs are severe and the health status of AI/ANs is far below that of the general population of the United States, resulting in an average life expectancy for AI/ANs 4.5 years less than that for the U.S. all races population; and

WHEREAS, in 1976, Congress noted that Medicaid payments were a “needed supplement to a health care program which has for too long been insufficient to provide quality health care to the American Indian” (H.R. Rep. No. 94-1026-Part III); and

WHEREAS, in 1976, Congress established the authority for the IHS, tribal nations, and tribal health organizations, to seek reimbursement under the federal Medicaid program in order to help fulfill its trust responsibility for health care to the Tribes; and

WHEREAS, in FY 2017, the congressional appropriations for IHS was only \$3,026 per person,¹ as compared to average per capita spending nationally for personal health care services of \$9,207;² and

WHEREAS, the IHS continues to be funded by Congress at less than half of expected need—even when considering available government health insurance resources—leading to rationed care and worse health outcomes for AI/ANs;³ and

WHEREAS, the federal Medicaid program generates significant resources that are critical to the ability of tribal nations to meet the health care needs of tribal citizens, but there are significant gaps in access to quality health care services under the federal Medicaid program for low- and moderate-income AI/ANs, depending upon state of residence; and

WHEREAS, AI/ANs across the United States have substantially different eligibility and access to services under the federal Medicaid program based on their state of residence; and

WHEREAS, state governments are not reimbursed for the costs of care provided by urban Indian health care providers to AI/ANs to the same degree that state governments are reimbursed for care to AI/ANs provided by IHS and tribal health care providers; and

WHEREAS, the federal Medicaid program provides insufficient flexibility to tribal nations to design and implement health service delivery approaches that meet the often times unique circumstances in Indian country; and

¹ The figure on congressional appropriations for IHS includes funding for health care delivery as well as sanitation, facilities and environmental health. Per capita IHS appropriation was calculated from \$4,957,856,000 in total appropriations divided by 1,638,687 Active Users. Source: *2017 IHS Expenditures Per Capita and Other Federal Health Care Expenditures Per Capita*, February 26, 2018, available at: https://www.ihs.gov/ihcif/includes/themes/responsive2017/display_objects/documents/2018/2017_IHS_Expenditures.pdf, last accessed 10/15/2018.

² NHE Projections 2016-2025 –Tables, Table 5 Personal Health Care Expenditures; Aggregate and per Capita Amounts, Percent Distribution and Annual Percent Change by Source of Funds: Calendar Years 2016-2025; Per Capita Amount; Projected; available at <https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/NationalHealthExpendData/NationalHealthAccountsProjected.html>.

³ “FY2017 Indian Health Service Level of Need Funded (LNF) Calculation” (shown at [https://www.ihs.gov/ihcif/includes/themes/responsive2017/display_objects/documents/2018/FY_2017_LevelofNeedFunded_\(LNF\)_Table.pdf](https://www.ihs.gov/ihcif/includes/themes/responsive2017/display_objects/documents/2018/FY_2017_LevelofNeedFunded_(LNF)_Table.pdf)) indicates an LNF funding percentage of 46.6%. A preliminary LNF figure for FY 2018 of 48.6% was calculated by IHS, which includes consideration of third-party coverage made available through the Affordable Care Act.

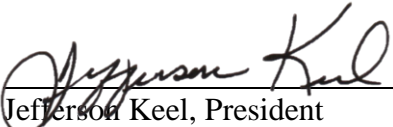
WHEREAS, tribal nations have developed a legislative proposal to address these gaps in access to quality health care services which will create authority for states to extend Medicaid eligibility to all AI/ANs with household income up to 138% of the federal poverty level; authorize Indian Health Care Providers in all states to receive Medicaid reimbursement for health care services authorized under the Indian Health Care Improvement Act and delivered to AI/ANs; extend full federal funding (through 100% FMAP) to states for Medicaid services furnished by urban Indian providers to AI/ANs, in addition to services furnished by IHS/tribal providers to AI/ANs; clarify that state Medicaid programs are authorized to implement Indian-specific policies and are not permitted to override Indian-specific Medicaid provisions in federal law through state waivers; and removes the limitation on billing by Indian health care providers for services provided outside the four walls of a clinic facility.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the National Congress of American Indians (NCAI) calls on Congress to enact legislation ensuring Medicaid advances the federal trust responsibility to American Indians and Alaska Natives; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that this resolution shall be the policy of NCAI until it is withdrawn or modified by subsequent resolution.

CERTIFICATION

The foregoing resolution was adopted by the General Assembly at the 2018 Annual Session of the National Congress of American Indians, held at the Hyatt Regency in Denver, Colorado October 21-26, 2018, with a quorum present.



Jefferson Keel, President

ATTEST:



Juana Majel Dixon, Recording Secretary